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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/835,194	04/13/2001	Shigetsugu Okamoto	55807 (70904)	5343
21874 75	90 03/03/2004		EXAMINER	
EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP			SHAPIRO, LEONID	
P.O. BOX 55874 BOSTON, MA 02205			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2001011, 1111			2673	15
			DATE MAILED: 03/03/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Advisory Action	09/835,194	OKAMOTO ET AL.		
Advisory Action	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Leonid Shapiro	2673		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address		
THE REPLY FILED 04 February 2004 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appet Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	void abandonment of this appliced in the substitution of this application application application with the substitution application applic	cation. A proper reply to a ch places the application in		
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]			
a) The period for reply expires 3_months from the mailing date of b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adv event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).	isory Action, or (2) the date set forth in th an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date o	f the final rejection.		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The dath nave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extens 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three moleanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	sion and the corresponding amount of the I statutory period for reply originally set in	fee. The appropriate extension fee under the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in		
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CF	•			
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:			
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);		
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note be	pelow);			
(c) they are not deemed to place the application i issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mat	erially reducing or simplifying the		
(d) they present additional claims without cancel	ing a corresponding number of	finally rejected claims.		
NOTE:				
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection	tion(s):			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 	be allowable if submitted in a s	eparate, timely filed amendment		
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request fo application in condition for allowance because: Se	r reconsideration has been cons e Continuation Sheet.	sidered but does NOT place the		
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaused by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which were newly		
 For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we 				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:				
Claim(s) allowed:				
Claim(s) objected to:	•			
Claim(s) rejected:				
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:				
☐ The drawing correction filed on is a)☐ approved or b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.				
9.⊠ Note the attached Information Disclosure Stateme	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s). ;	<u>11,13</u> .		
10. ☐ Other:				

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

On 2nd page, 3rd paragraph of Response to Office Action, Applicant stated that Tadashi failes to remedy the deficiencies of the Lee reference to teach image reproduction method in which the image reproduced so that maximum output brightness of pixel varies with accordance with the average signal level. However, in the same and next patagraphs, Applicant admitted that memories that damma compensation memories carried whole range of brightness (maximum output brightness in Applicant's claimed invention) in relation to APL signals (the average signal level in the Aplicant's claimed invention).

On the same page, last paragraph Applicant's stated, the maximum output brightness and the input signal-output brightness are independent properties. However, in Applicant's invention the maximum output brightness and the input signal-output brightness (See Fig. 1, items 2-3) are also independent properties and have different paths. Moreover, Tadashi also teaches that 2 memories could be extended to 3 or more(n) memories (See in Detail Description page 4, paragraph 21). This extension pointed to reproduction the image so that maximum output brightness of a pixel of the display apparatus varies in accordance with the average signal level (APL) and selected memory.

On next page, 2nd paragraph, the Applicant i stated, that Tadashi does not teach or suggest a method of control ling a maximum brightness level. However, Tadashi teaches to use different correction memories in accordance with average signal level (See Drawings 1-3, items 12,14,16,30,32,34,40,44, in Detail Description See from page 3, paragraph 0016 to page 4, paragraph 0021). Tadashi teaches to select 1st and 2nd correction memories based on APL level (See Drawing 1, items 40 and 42) which will have higher (whiter) and lower (blacker) values for each pixel. Tadashi also teaches that 2 memories could be extended to 3 or more(n) memories (See in Detail Description page 4, paragraph 21). This extension pointed to reproduction the image so that maximum output brightness of a pixel of the display apparatus varies in accordance with the average signal level (APL). Therefore, the multiple memories and comparators in extended Tadashi would accommodate the changes in APL for each pixel. The application of the look-up tables is nor reflected in the claims, well known in the art and could be used in Tadashi reference with multiple memories.

The rest of the Response to Office Action is dedicated to show that Lee reference does not teach the an image is reproduced such that the maximum output brightness of the image varies in accordance with an average signal level. However, on pae 2, 2nd paragraph stated already, that Lee fails to teach or suggest an image display apparatus in which the image is reproduced so that maximum output brightness of a pixel varies in occordance with the average signal level.

VIJAY SHANKAR PRIMARY EXAMINER